





# THE CAUCASIAN.

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## WHAT THE LANDSLIDE MEANS.

Two years ago there was a tremendous landslide all over the country to the Democratic party. This year there is a landslide of even greater magnitude to the Republican party. There is never a landslide in politics when the people have good government. The times are out of joint. The country grows richer and the people grow poorer. They know that there is something wrong and very wrong. They know that there is something radically wrong in the management of their public affairs. They know that taxes are too high and that money is too scarce.

The landslide two years ago to the Democratic party did not mean an endorsement of that party, but it was a rebuke to the Republican party which was in power. The landslide this year does not mean an endorsement of the Republican party, but it is a rebuke to the Democratic party which is in power and which has failed to right the peoples wrongs.

The magnitude of these landslides measures to a certain extent the depth and breadth of the reform movement. It shows the number of voters in the two old parties who have lost faith in their parties. They are jumping from the frying pan into the fire. They will next jump into the "middle of the road"—into the People's party.

In the late election the People's party made gains in every State in the Union. In the next fight we will not only make gains, but there will be a landslide to the People's party, and when once into the People's party every voter stays—there is no backsliding.

The outlook for the People's party was never brighter than it is at this hour. The people are fast learning that it makes no difference which one of the two old parties get in power, that the result is the same—the government is run in the interest of the monopolists and goldbugs and that the people are not thought of. The patriots of all parties must get together in a new party and force the Republican and Democratic goldbugs together. It is coming. 1896 will show the biggest political revolution ever seen in this country. It must come before the people will ever see any better times.

## PREPARE FOR '96.

The battle is over, the smoke has cleared away, now let us prepare for the contest in 1896. The issues that are paramount must be pressed to the front until they are solved in a manner that is just, honest and satisfactory to the oppressed millions. In the coming struggle there is to be no back-down, no trucking, no temporizing, but honest, earnest, active and determined work in order to drive plutocracy from the temple of the people's liberties.

This government was founded upon the principle, as enunciated by Jefferson, that there "should be no extremely rich nor abjectly poor;" if this principle is to be enforced, then necessary laws must be enacted to give all men equal chances in the race of life.

A pure Democracy is what the people are seeking, but be not confounded in our use of the term democracy.

It has no sort of reference to the party that bears that name.

That party so grossly betrayed the honest and confiding masses, that its doom is now forever sealed.

The people, as a rule, can be trusted. In this advanced age, they can acquaint themselves with the great issues, and then the methods of accomplishment will follow. When the people learn what is right, they can be relied upon to do right. We have absolute faith in the ability, honesty and wisdom of the people.

Now, that the campaign is over, let them devote earnest, deliberate and thoughtful consideration to the great questions that are to be settled by the ballot.

Good seed have been sown for reform, and if a good harvest is to be reaped there must be diligent and conscientious work done.

The reformers should take courage. Their force has been wonderfully felt in the recent conflict, and great changes have been wrought.

By perseverance, by harmonious and determined action, the next election will be still more a surprise than the recent one.

One of the Seven Wise Men of Greece said that "Nothing is impossible to industry." This is a truism which many of us have experienced.

By faith we can move mountains. Buckle on the armor and continue the good work for '96. Consecrate yourselves anew for the glorious work still ahead. Circulate reform literature, drill your forces, and acquaint them with the work that is to be done. The skies are brightening. The

glorious, golden opportunity is at hand and we should improve it.

Let every reformer do his duty, and we will yet restore this nation to the great plain people, to whom it belongs.

## THE NEW ISSUE OF BONDS.

President Cleveland has decided to make another issue of \$50,000,000 of gold interest-bearing bonds. This will make \$100,000,000 debt bearing gold interest that the Democratic administration has saddled on the people inside of one short year, and we fear the end is not yet.

This action is not only unnecessary but is unpatriotic. It is a base surrender to the greedy goldbugs. The following press dispatch from Washington under date of Nov. 14 tells the object of this bond issue:

"Goldbugs with the issue of the circular inviting bids for gold United States bonds, the Treasury Department is beginning to see gold. November 13th it lost \$6,000,000 in gold, and today \$10,000,000 in exchange for United States notes and Treasury notes. This gold was withdrawn from sub-treasuries, and further withdrawals are expected.

The first offer for the new bond issue was received at the Treasury early this morning. It came in the form of a telegram from the interior of New York State. It was for \$50,000, and the sender stated that the price offered and other particulars are contained in a letter which is now on its way to Washington.

The Treasury's net balance to day at the close of business stood at \$103,702,000, of which \$91,501,000 was in gold, a net loss of \$50,000,000 yesterday. The sub-treasuries lost \$10,000,000, but a gain was made in the United States Mint, leaving the net loss as stated.

An additional bid for 500 of the new bonds was received at the Treasury late this afternoon. None of the bids will be opened until November 24th, so the price offered for the new bonds cannot be stated. The two offers were sent by telegraph, and the details have been sent by mail. Large offers are not expected until after the 20th instant.

If you will read between the lines you will see from the above an indication that this bond issue will not increase the gold reserve. The goldbugs are now taking greenbacks and treasury notes and demanding gold from them. This is paid out by Mr. Carlisle, when he could just as well pay silver. Then the goldbugs will use this same gold which they have just drawn from the treasury and buy up the gold bonds.

By this piece of trickery (which Cleveland and Carlisle wink at) the people are saddled with a debt of \$50,000,000 and have nothing to show for it. It is a shame! It is a crime. Such traitors and such a party should be buried forever.

## WELL SAID.

We clip the following from the Biblical Recorder, and coming as it does from the pen of a christian gentleman whose teaching should have more weight given them than from our ordinary mortals it would be well for some of our readers to ponder it, especially those who may feel that their toes have been stepped upon by the writer.

"Several exchanges have published a letter from a foolish-minded young man who was so deficient of moral sense as to write a letter to a journal published at the north, saying that he would not vote for the candidates of a certain political party unless he were given a buggy, and he was so childish as to think that the northern journal, which his father subscribed, would give him the desired buggy for the party's sake. The fellow is not alone after all. He is not a freak, or, if he is, his type is not at all rare. There are people who would sell their votes, but who make a secret of it, fearing public sentiment and the law. These are men who sell their influence brazenly, the amount paid far greater than the price of a buggy, making them callous to opinion. The price makes them the more despicable, but the public in general that is another matter. The possession of wealth hides a multitude of sins. There are men who conceal the truth because they fear they will lose their position if they say what they think, poor, mentally oppressed beings. There are men who join a party for no other reason than that they fear they will lose standing or patronage if they do not; there are others who remain with a party for the same reason; there are others who abandon one party and join another in order to get office; there are others who pay out money in order to bribe men to vote with them; and it does no credit to the young man who desires to sell himself for a buggy to say that these are no better than he. This fellow and they are men who by liquor with which to induce a poor, accused drinker to political speech, who fill those men with whiskey and send them home howling for party while the northern and southern sense around for a bit of bread. There are men in North Carolina—men who have been honored, if nominations for political offices is honor—who cannot throw the first stone at the young man whose price is the price of a buggy."

THAT LITTLE THING CAN'T BE DIED. The Argus of the 15th asks why can't Gov. Carr convene the General Assembly in extra session and elect a successor to Senator Vance, and thus get a Democrat Senator in Senator Vance's place? For two reasons Joseph; first, because the legislature of 1892 is defunct, and second, because (if it were not) we hardly think Gov. Carr has lost all sense of honor and decency.

The people in their sovereign capacity have said that the next Senators of North Carolina shall not be Democrats, and to thwart the will of the people, if such a thing were possible, would be a little meaner than we think Gov. Carr is. Joe go off and kick yourself for asking such a question. W. G. H.

The People's party gained 50,000 votes in Texas and 45,000 votes in Minnesota. We gained everywhere and it will be a landslide to us by 1896.

Why co-operation did co-operate. Suppose the Democratic papers now try their hand on some editorials along this line.

Ask the Democrats if they heard anything drop recently?

## THE BOND QUESTION.

In time of profound peace, when the resources of the government are ample, there must be another bond issue to satisfy the greedy bankers who are running the country.

Bond issues are only resorted to by nations in times of war, yet our government, the most powerful in earth, when that power is properly directed, must buy more gold, (under the pretext of maintaining its credit) solely for the purpose of giving gold investments to the banking class, who vulture like, prey upon the people.

Is it not high time that the people put a stop to having so much indebtedness saddled upon them and posterity? The reckless action of the last congress, under Democratic rule, has already received cordial condemnation by the people.

Will their voices not be heeded? The gold standard policy, if continued, will wreck this and every other country on the face of the earth. The issue of bonds is made to increase the gold reserve, in the Treasury, and under the present methods of administering the finances of the country, the bond issue will be continued every few months. We need men who are not tools and servants of the money power to administer our government.

Andrew Jackson triumphed over the bankers in his day, and another "Old Hickory" will spring up into the people and lead them to victory. God speed his coming!

## MUST GET TOGETHER.

The interests of the South and West are identical. The single gold standard is crushing the life out of these sections, and for their own preservation there must be a perfect union of forces. The finance question is the problem of the age. Like Baugnot ghost it will not dawn. The weal or woe of the human family is involved in the solution of this question. If settled equitably prosperity will quickly follow. The depression now so universal is due solely to a lack of money to transact the business that is ever increasing. The history of all nations shows that they sank into darkness, or change their form of government, when their money became concentrated in the hands of a few. That is the condition of our country to-day. Twenty-five thousand people own half the wealth. Millions are made out of a false, and discriminating financial system, where only thousands are made out of the tariff. The South has shown a disposition, by breaking away from the old moorings, to join with the West in the coming irrepressible conflict. Let them unite for victory!

The Democratic party has deserted all of the principles on which the party was founded. If Thomas Jefferson and Andrew Jackson were living to-day they would repudiate and denounce the machine now masquerading under the name of democracy. Is there a single reason why we challenge any member of the party to name it.

On the other hand the Republican party has deserted the principles of Abraham Lincoln. The National machinery of both parties is in the hands of the monopolists and goldbugs. Let the patriots in both parties leave their goldbug allies and join together in the People's party. When this is done the goldbugs in the two old parties will be driven together into one party. Then the lines will be clearly drawn and every one, even though he be a way-faring man can see where his interests and duty lies. The fight is now between the people and the gold trust, and when the great masses of the people once see it and draw the lines in battle array then and there only will the money changers be driven from the temple and your liberties and the government restored to the people. It is coming. May God speed the day.

Hon. W. F. Stroud's (Populist) majority for congress over Mr. Cooke (Dem.) in the 4th District is 4,291. Col. Harry Skinner's majority in the 1st District over Branch (Dem.) nearly as large.

Hon. A. C. Shuford's majority in the 7th over Henderson is over 1,000. Hon. R. Z. Linn in the 8th and Richard Pearson in the 9th are also elected by safe majorities.

In the 3rd Ohio Congressional District the People's party polled 1,200 votes in 1892. In the recent election we polled 9,259 votes. The People's party has made gains everywhere and in many places the gains were as remarkable as in the above district.

Before the election every Democratic paper from the largest to the smallest published editorials after editorials trying to show "why Fusion would not fuse." It would be very interesting to see them now explain why Fusion did fuse.

## \$68,000 DISTRIBUTED.

OF Government Funds in Swain Just Before the Election.

ASHEVILLE, N. C., Nov. 16, '94. ED. CAUCASIAN:—You will please explain why the Democrats increased their vote in Swain county. During the last ten days before the election \$68,000 serving largely as a campaign fund was distributed among the Land Claimants in the Indian reservation. Was Crawford's party to this use of public money for party purposes? Yours &c., R.

## OFFICIAL RETURN BY COUNTY 50 FATHS RECEIVED.

ANSON. Official vote of Anson county gives Democratic majorities from 350 to 390.

BUNCOMBE. Official vote of Buncombe county gives Rep. and Pop. majorities for House 6 to 152, and elects Dem. county officers by majorities from 66 to 245. Gives Jas. M. Moody, Rep., and John Ammons Pop. Senators 33rd Dist 18 to 490 majority.

CALDWELL. Official vote of Caldwell gives the Democratic majorities.

CATAWBA. Official vote of Catawba gives co-operation majorities of 300 to 217. A. Y. Sigman and W. E. White, Pop. Senators for the 29th Senatorial District 300 and 392 majority.

CUMBERLAND. Official vote of Cumberland gives Populist majorities from 50 to 172, and gives Warren Carver Pop. 16th Senatorial District 185 majority.

CAMDEN. Official vote of Camden county gave Skinner 647, Branch 494. The entire county and legislature ticket elected by majorities from 150 to 175.

CHATHAM. The co-operation ticket elects Representative J. A. Backman and the Sheriff and Clerk. The Democrats elect the Register and Treasurer R. S. Herbert elected to the Senate—Populist.

CHATHAM. Official vote of Chatham gave Strand 1,184 majority and elects county officers and legislature ticket by about 1,200.

CHATHAM. Official vote of Chatham gave co-operation majorities from 433 to 887, and E. L. Franks and J. M. Mewborne Populist Senators from the 14th district by majorities of 125 and 144.

DAVIE. Official vote of Davie county gives Democratic majorities from 432 to 897 and A. C. Sharp and B. R. Brown Republicans for 27th Senatorial District 432 and 490.

DAVIDSON. Official vote of Davidson gives co-operation majorities from 300 to 700 and Westmoreland, Populist, and Wall Republican Senators from 20th Senatorial district composed of counties of Rowan, Davidson and Forsyth elected by 74 and 136 majorities.

EDGECOMBE. Official vote of Edgecombe gives Democratic majorities from 20 to 517. Ed Pinnington, Democrat and Alexander B. the Populist, was elected Clerk.

GATES. Official vote of Gates gives Democratic majorities of 106 to 200 and Leo McMullen and G. W. Ward, Democratic candidates for 1st Senatorial District 53 majority.

GUILFORD. Official vote of Guilford county gives Populist majorities from 87 to 250 and gave Starbuck Republican for Senate 21st Senatorial district 261 majority. A. G. Kirkman, Democrat, was elected Register by 61 majority.

HERTFORD. Official vote of Hertford county gives Democratic majorities from 140 to 367. The Populist candidates will contest legislative seats.

IREDELL. Official vote of Iredell gives co-operation majorities from 21 to 220 and gives A. C. Sharp and B. R. Brown Republican Senators from 27th District 143 and 163 majority.

JOHNSTON. Official vote of Johnston gives Democratic majorities from 340 to 605.

JONES. Official vote of Jones gives Populist majority for H. F. Brown for the House 90. L. E. Koonce Clerk, Populist 16 Lewis King, Populist for Treasurer 41, and elects Democratic Sheriff and Register, and gives Mewborne and Whitaker Populist candidates for Senate 5th District, 37 and 93 majorities.

MARTIN. Official vote of Martin gives Democratic majorities 350 to 385.

MCDOWELL. Official vote of McDowell gives Democratic majorities from 97 to 192.

NEW HANOVER. Official vote of New Hanover, gives Republican majorities from 536 to 643, and gives F. B. Rice, Rep. for Senate 10th District 641 majority.

ONSLOW. Official vote of Onslow gives Democratic majorities from 325 to 500, and Swift Galloway and Fred Weir, Democrats the Senate and from 8th District 325 and 336 majorities.

PASQUATANK. Official vote of Pasquatanek gives co-operative majorities 725 to 799, and Theophilus White and E. T. Snipes co-operative candidates for the Senate, 1st District 725 and 730.

PENDER. Official vote of Pender gives Democratic majorities from 74 to 288 for House and county officers and gives Grant and Paddison co-operative candidates for the Senate, 9th District 37 and 60 majorities.

RUTHERFORD. Official vote of Rutherford gives co-operation majorities from 140 to 200. J. B. Fortune, Republican, J. Y. Hamrick, Pop. Senators for the 32 Senatorial District 200.

SAMPSON. Official vote of Sampson gives Populist majorities from 487 to 607 and Fowler and Taylor, Populist Senators for 14th District 566 and 607 majorities.

TYRELL. Official vote of Tyrell gives co-operative majorities from 127 to 250 and T. E. McCaskey and J. B. Parson, Populist Senators for the 29th Senatorial District 341 majority.

VANCE. Official vote of Vance county gives co-operation majorities from 300 to 900. Chas. A. Cook, co-operation candidate for the Senate for the 11th district 968 majority.

WILKES. Official vote of Wilkes gives co-operation majorities from 370 to 1100. A. Y. Sigman Rep. and W. E. White, Pop. Senators 29th Senatorial District 760 majority. A. M. Vamory Dem. elected Clerk by 20 majority.

## A WEEK'S NEWS.

Election Results in Florida. A special by the N. Y. Herald says: C. B. Collins, State Treasurer of Florida, in an interview to-day made a very remarkable statement for a disinterested and dispassionate man. In discussing the wisdom of repealing the impugned eight-ball-law, the necessity for which legislation he conceded, he said that in the recent election in Florida he knew "several instances" where two votes were counted to one cast. This is regarded as a rather tardy admission of the truth, but most remarkable as coming from a high Democratic official. Collins is a Mississippi by birth and an uncompromising Democrat, and some of his Bourbon associates in the party are disposed to criticize him harshly for thus telling the truth. But the fact is that in the absence of a strongly organized and aggressive Republican party in the State, the Democrats have got to cheating each other, and this makes the truth come to the surface.

Following South Carolina's Example. A dispensary bill which avoids the bad features and imitates the good features of the South Carolina law, has been introduced in Georgia. It provides for the opening of county dispensaries on petition of a majority of freeholders of a county. These dispensaries will sell liquor for medicinal and medicinal purposes only, and without profit. No liquor is to be sold as a beverage. The bill has strong prohibition support. We hope it will win.—Voice.

Mr. Brown Dead. Mr. Charles H. Brown, the lawyer that was shot by Deputy Sheriff Waters, at Kinston on Tuesday last, died the next day at 12 o'clock. We learn that Mr. Waters acted in self defense and shot at Mr. Brown in the act of hitting him with a chair. Mr. Waters was immediately committed, to await the action of the Grand Jury which was in session at the time of the shooting.

Hawaii Still Wants to be Annexed. The American Union party which represents the annexation sentiment in the Island, in the October elections made a clear sweep. The first plank in the platform of the American party declares that the foremost mission of the party is to secure the political union of Hawaii and the United States.

Appointments by the President. John Karel of Illinois, to be Consul-General of the U. S., at St. Petersburg; Charles Jonas, of Wisconsin, to be Consul-General of the U. S., at Prague Bohemia.

The State ment that Chas. F. Martin the Rep-Pop. candidate for Congress in the 6th Congressional District would contest the election of Mr. Lockhart was confirmed yesterday by Judge D. L. Russell who said that he had been retained by Martin as counsel in the case.—Star.

The Commissioner appointed to investigate the H. R. Strike, at Chicago last summer throws the responsibility on the General Manager's Association and the Pullman Company, neither of which treated their workmen fairly.

A lady of Kentucky 92 years of age recently had taken from her elbow a needle that she swallowed 63 years ago.

SENATOR PFEFFER THROWS LIGHT ON THE SITUATION IN KANSAS. He shows that the People's Party Gained over 20,000 Votes This Year.

Washington, Nov. 11.—Senator Pfeffer has arrived from Kansas. Discussing the result of the recent election, he said the Populists had no reason to feel discouraged.

"What we have lost in congress," he said, "we have more than made up in votes. The people generally published would lead people to suppose that we had suffered material loss in all respects in Kansas. Such is not the case. In 1890 we had about 100,000 votes in that state; in 1892, about 113,000, and in the late election from 120,000 to 125,000, in the face of the fact that about 20,000 of our voters had left the state on account of the drought. We failed in the election of officers because we were not paired with the Democrats, but we have every reason to feel encouraged for the future. In the country at large I feel confident that when the returns are footed up they will show our total vote to be little less than 2,000,000, which is about twice the Populist vote of two years ago."

ALIE THAT IS IN DEMAND. To bolster up the argument of "overproduction," the "statisticians" are getting out figures to show that 11,000,000 bales of cotton have been made this year.

"The Statisticians" are probably the most thorough going liars of all those hiring bands that serve the Gold Conspirators. The statement that 11,000,000 bales of cotton have been made this year is simply an outrageous falsehood which was made and marketed simply because there was a brisk demand for that kind of a lie.

"Mothers' Friend" Makes CHILD BIRTH EASY. COLVIN, LA., Dec. 2, 1886.—My wife used "MOTHERS' FRIEND" before her third confinement, and says she would not be without it for hundreds of dollars.—DOCK MILLS.

Sent by express or mail on receipt of price, \$1. per bottle. Book "MOTHERS' FRIEND" mailed free. Sold by all Druggists.

BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

## What Now of the Future?

Continued from first page.

nia and Tennessee stood by the schemers. Where there was the semblance of an honest ballot and a fair count the schemers were repudiated and condemned. But as to the CABINET COMPLICATIONS.

Gresham and Carlisle are both prominent free silver men. They must submit to shameless stultification, or get out of the Cabinet and that soon. Behind the bond issue is the silver question. Mr. Carlisle's position is well known. In the House, February 28th 1878 he said:

"According to my views of the subject, the conspiracy which seems to have been pressed here and in Europe to destroy the circulation and otherwise from three-fourths to one-half of the metallic money of the world is the most malignant crime of the century other than the slave trade."

It is not known, that he ever repudiated this position. It was true in 1878, it is true in 1894, it will be true in 1896. Carlisle must get out, and Gresham too. The change is coming. The issue on the silver question is inevitable. The two camps are in line with the Populist party in demanding the "free and unlimited coinage of silver at a ratio of 16 to 1."

It has been urged that the North Carolina declaration is not sincere, that the free coinage bill was thrown out as a vote catcher. But all doubt on the subject will be removed by the next Democratic State convention. The free coinage Democrats will then be presented with the alternative of bolting the convention. The administration sentiment in the State is stronger than the election returns indicate. It was not the administration "five cent cotton" that kept thousands of self-respecting Democrats at home on election day. It was "five cent Democracy." It was cowardly piddling Democratic leadership. As predicted in this correspondence, upon information that admitted of no doubt, it was the "silent voter who cheated 'the machine' out of the opportunity to cheat the honest voter out of his ballot. Mr. Don has unintentionally slandered the people in his alleged explanation of Democratic defeat.

RANSOM IN THE CABINET. In the Cabinet changes it is not improbable that Senator Ransom will be considered. He is in full accord with the President's financial policy and about "fills the bill" in other respects. The expected retirement of Carlisle, Gresham and the transfer of Hoke Smith to a judicial function, will call for the appointment of a southern man. Ransom may be Secretary of State, War or Navy in the shuffle. There is a crumb of comfort in the thought any way as he junks across the continent in search of deep water on the Pacific coast. It seems the irony of fate that he should be hunting for deeper water just at this time, when the greatest freshet on record is sweeping every hill and valley in North Carolina.

J. E. NORTH CAROLINA'S CAPITAL. (Washington Post.) A handsomely illustrated little volume, well compiled and full of instructive information, has just been issued by the Chamber of Commerce of Raleigh, N. C., the chief editor of which attaches to W. E. Ashley, the president, and H. W. Ayer, secretary of the chamber, Mr. J. R. Watts of Atlanta, being the artist who has embellished its pages. The publication treats at considerable length of the varied resources of the Old North State, and of the many inducements which are here offered to the investor and the homeseeker, in productiveness of soil, climatic conditions, educational facilities, social characteristics, and good government. Especial attention is given to the prosperity and progress of the beautiful city of Raleigh, the State capital, with its population of 14,000, its thirty-one churches, its excellent public buildings, its colleges and schools, its banking and railroad facilities, its manufacturers and benevolent institutions and its thrifty, enterprising inhabitants. To these features are added numerous statistics of trade and much information that will be found of value to the intending immigrant and of great interest to the visitor and traveler.

John W. Chapin, Editor of the Progressive Age, has announced that he is a candidate for Reading Clerk in the Legislature.

Mr. M. Symons, Baltimore, Md.

Run Down That Tired Feeling—Severe Headaches, No Appetite. Six Bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla Bring Back New Life.

"Dear Sir:—Before using Hood's Sarsaparilla I was frequently sick and did not know what was the matter with me. One day I would feel as if I could hardly stand, the next I would have a severe headache and so on, not knowing what the next day would bring forth. I did not have any appetite and I was Run Down."

I tried a good many medicines but they did me no good. Having heard a great deal about Hood's Sarsaparilla I decided to try a bottle. I am glad to say I soon felt better. I have now used six bottles and feel as well as ever. It has been of great benefit to me as I have regained my appetite and

Now Enjoy Good Health. I can strongly recommend Hood's Sarsaparilla as an excellent blood medicine." M. SYMONS, 602 Abingdon Street, Baltimore, Maryland.

Hood's Pills not easily, yet promptly and efficiently, on p.

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# THE CAUCASIAN

BY G. ADAMS IN WIDE AWAKE.

Continued from last week.

LPHONSE in-  
cluded his bushy  
head, but remain-  
ed silent.

"We speak al-  
ways the French,  
so he does not talk  
the English yet  
with ease," said  
Dupont, with a  
beaming smile at  
Carling who was completely taken  
aback.

"First I knew your little brother  
was invited," Heygendorf burst out.  
"Clamping in! Any fun with kids  
tagging along?"

"For once it seemed that Heygen-  
dorf had spoken a word in season."

"No, he did not receive the invita-  
tion," Dupont acknowledged; but  
Alphonse and I—we were one an-  
other—we never have been separate.

He wished to accompany me, he  
screamed with fear in the eyes, when  
I made to go off without him; he  
takes little room, and he has made  
the promise to be good."

"Oh, I dare say he will have to  
go, then," said Carling ungraciously.  
Then he said aside to me, "He's a  
bashful little chap; maybe he'll  
hang on to Dupont's hand like the  
whole week, so we won't  
mind much."

"Our camping ground was not very  
far south. We took the narrow  
gauge from Alameda, after crossing  
the bay, and shortly after eleven we  
reached our destination in the moun-  
tains. There was no station, but we  
bundled off, coffee-pots, provisions,  
Dupont's little brother and all, in a  
great, quiet redwood forest while the  
train disappeared in a second around  
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[To be continued next week.]

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## NO PLACE FOR BOYS.

What can a boy do and where can a boy stay?  
If he is always told to get out of the way?  
He cannot sit here, and he must not stand  
there.

The cushions that cover that fine rocking chair  
are just there, of course, to be used as seats.

A boy has no business to ever be there.  
The beautiful green and silver chairs that stand  
on the door of the parlor and the delicate room  
are not made to walk on—at least not by  
boys.

The house is no place, anyway, for their shoes.  
Yet boys must walk somewhere, and what if  
they feel their feet?

Scot of our houses, sent into the street.  
Should step round the corner and pause at the  
door.

When other boys' feet have passed often  
before:  
Should pass through the gateway of glittering  
tiles.

Where jules that are merry and songs that are  
bright  
Ring out a warm welcome with dithering  
voice.

And temptingly say: "Here's a place for the  
boys!"

## FRENCH LEAVE.

BY G. ADAMS IN WIDE AWAKE.

Continued from last week.

LPHONSE in-  
cluded his bushy  
head, but remain-  
ed silent.

"We speak al-  
ways the French,  
so he does not talk  
the English yet  
with ease," said  
Dupont, with a  
beaming smile at  
Carling who was completely taken  
aback.

"First I knew your little brother  
was invited," Heygendorf burst out.  
"Clamping in! Any fun with kids  
tagging along?"

"For once it seemed that Heygen-  
dorf had spoken a word in season."

"No, he did not receive the invita-  
tion," Dupont acknowledged; but  
Alphonse and I—we were one an-  
other—we never have been separate.

He wished to accompany me, he  
screamed with fear in the eyes, when  
I made to go off without him; he  
takes little room, and he has made  
the promise to be good."

"Oh, I dare say he will have to  
go, then," said Carling ungraciously.  
Then he said aside to me, "He's a  
bashful little chap; maybe he'll  
hang on to Dupont's hand like the  
whole week, so we won't  
mind much."

"Our camping ground was not very  
far south. We took the narrow  
gauge from Alameda, after crossing  
the bay, and shortly after eleven we  
reached our destination in the moun-  
tains. There was no station, but we  
bundled off, coffee-pots, provisions,  
Dupont's little brother and all, in a  
great, quiet redwood forest while the  
train disappeared in a second around  
a mountain curve."

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[To be continued next week.]

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# THE CAUCASIAN

BY JOSEPHINE POLLARD.

The world has many a joy to give.  
Many a home of peace and love.  
Of peace and love for the troubled breast  
The world has many a joy to give.

And to darkened and dreary  
And to darkened and dreary  
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The week-day trouble and week-day toil,  
Like a dark meadow obscure the way.  
And the gods who live, as we, a little  
To walk through life on the Sunday side.

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The house we build may for a while  
Top of the palace of the East.  
And jewels most rare and blossoms fair  
But give the feast

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For 'tis a folly and all a waste  
To spend our lives, as it were, for naught.  
The good to share, and to have not one  
Lifting thought.

And where in the world 'tis our lot  
In rustic cottage, or hall of pride,  
There's a chance, I'm sure, for us all to secure  
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NEW YORK.

"MAKING UP A BAG."

A Trick Often Recorted to by Impetuous  
Sailors.

A good sized bag of clothing is always  
a recommendation for a sailor in search  
of a boarding house, inasmuch as the  
boarding house keeper, as it is security  
in the top to prevent to the superior  
the debts incurred by his owner, are  
paid. With this knowledge, the impetu-  
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whose wardrobe is insufficient to swell  
out his bag, the result of his search  
will fill the lower part of his sailor-  
case receptacle with any old cast-off ap-  
parel he can obtain, sometimes even  
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